1 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 8 AT SEATTLE 9 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, CASE NO. C12-1282JLR 10 ORDER ON JOINT STATUS Plaintiff, 11 REPORT AND STIPULATED v. MOTION 12 CITY OF SEATTLE, 13 Defendant. 14 15 Before the court is Plaintiff United States of America ("the Government") and 16 Defendant City of Seattle's joint status report and stipulated motion. (See JSR (Dkt. # 633).) The parties' stipulated motion seeks two forms of relief from the court: (1) an 17 18 extension to the court's July 24, 2020, temporary restraining order's ("TRO") expiration date (see TRO (Dkt. # 630)); and (2) an order setting a deadline for the Government to 19 20 file a motion for a preliminary injunction and a briefing schedule for that motion. (See 21 JSR at 1-2.) The court considers each request in turn. 22

The court issued the TRO on July 24, 2020, and set the TRO to expire 14 days after entry, which means the TRO is set to expire on August 7, 2020. (*See* TRO at 11.) Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 65(b)(2), the court may extend the TRO upon a court order finding good cause or an agreement amongst the parties. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(b)(2).

The court GRANTS the parties' stipulated motion to extend the TRO until September 18, 2020. Here, there is both good cause for an extension and an agreement amongst the parties on an extension. The parties stipulate to extend the TRO until September 18, 2020. (See JSR at 1-2.) The court finds that such an extension is warranted given the unique circumstances of this case. The court already directed the parties and the Community Police Commission ("CPC") to submit memoranda to the court on August 22, 2020, on the interaction between the Crowd Control Weapons Ordinance ("CCW Ordinance"), the Consent Decree, and the relevant Seattle Police Department policies. (See 7/22/20 Order (Dkt. # 626) at 7-9.) The court set an August 22, 2020, deadline for those filings to allow the parties and the CPC an opportunity to respond to a report from the Office of Police Accountability and the Office of Inspector General that is due on August 15, 2020. (See id.) Once the parties submit those filings to the court, the court and the parties will be in a better position to assess the CCW Ordinance's impact on the Consent Decree and the merits of any motion for a preliminary injunction that the parties may file. Thus, the court finds that good cause exists to extend the TRO until September 18, 2020, so that the court can preserve the status quo and provide the relevant stakeholders with sufficient time to comment on the CCW

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Ordinance. Accordingly, pursuant to the parties' agreement and the court's independent finding of good cause, the court GRANTS the parties' stipulated motion to extend the TRO and extends the TRO until September 18, 2020.

The court also agrees with the parties' proposed briefing schedule on the Government's motion for a preliminary injunction. (*See* JSR at 2.) Accordingly, the court ORDERS that the Government's motion for a preliminary injunction, if any, is due by August 27, 2020, and shall be noted for consideration on September 11, 2020; the City of Seattle's opposition, if any, is due on September 8, 2020; and the Government's reply, if any, shall be due on September 11, 2020. Outside of this adjusted briefing schedule, the parties' briefing shall comply with the requirements of Western District of Washington Local Civil Rule 7 unless the court orders otherwise. *See* Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 7. The court's order extending the TRO until September 18, 2020, shall remain in effect even if no party files a motion by the August 27, 2020, deadline to ensure that the appropriate stakeholders and the court have sufficient time to determine the appropriate path forward.

The court advises the City of Seattle to remain mindful that the Consent Decree remains in full force and effect. As the Seattle City Council acknowledged when it expressly asked the City Attorney to notify the court about the CCW Ordinance (*see* Notice (Dkt. # 625), Ex. 1 (attaching a copy of the CCW Ordinance) at 5 ("In accordance with United States of America v. City of Seattle, . . . during the pendency of the [C]onsent [D]ecree [the City] Council requests that notice of this action be submitted by the City Attorney to . . . the [c]ourt . . . .")), legislation passed by the City Council may

impact the City of Seattle's obligations under the Consent Decree. As such, during the pendency of the TRO, the court encourages the City of Seattle to remain mindful of its Consent Decree obligations and to work in tandem with the court, the Monitor, the Government, and other appropriate stakeholders to achieve Consent Decree compliance. Dated this 6th day of August, 2020. R. Plut JAMES L. ROBART United States District Judge